

## QUIZ QUESTIONS to accompany World Religions in Practice

### CHAPTER 6: MARRIAGE

1. Muhammad's first wife was
  - A. Khadijah
  - B. Aisha
  - C. Fatima
  - D. Lakshmi
2. A Jewish wedding may be held
  - A. on a sabbath
  - B. on a day of mourning
  - C. during the Counting of the Omer
  - D. on a Tuesday
3. The third principle of the Pancasila teaches that
  - A. celibacy is impossible
  - B. all sexual activity is immoral
  - C. there are proper and improper forms of sexual activity
  - D. monks must take a lifelong vow of celibacy
4. The Hindu mehendi ceremony involves
  - A. exchanging rings
  - B. painting the body
  - C. signing a contract
  - D. walking around a firepit
5. Wedding crowns are placed on the heads of the bride and the groom in which Christian tradition?
  - A. Catholic
  - B. Anglican
  - C. Baptist
  - D. Orthodox
6. In Islam, the People of the Book are:
  - A. Jews and Christians
  - B. Muslims
  - C. polytheists
  - D. the pre-Islamic Arabs
7. What colour does a Hindu bride traditionally wear?
  - A. white
  - B. blue
  - C. red
  - D. gold

8. The breaking of a glass at a Jewish wedding ceremony symbolises:
- A. joy
  - B. sobriety
  - C. fertility
  - D. longevity
9. During the Vanaprasthin life-stage an upper class Hindu is traditionally expected to
- A. memorize the Vedas
  - B. marry and have children
  - C. retreat to the forest and practice celibacy
  - D. cut himself off completely from society
10. In his letter to the Ephesians Saint Paul
- A. rejects the Jewish idea that God is married to Israel
  - B. compares married love to the relationship between Christ and his Church
  - C. urges Christians to adopt a celibate lifestyle
  - D. explains that marriage is limited to this world
11. A ketubah is a
- A. marriage contract
  - B. wedding canopy
  - C. divorce bill
  - D. wedding reception
12. A Hindu wedding ceremony usually begins with prayers for success addressed to
- A. Agni
  - B. Ganesha
  - C. Krishna
  - D. Rama
13. Which of the following is false?
- A. Catholic bishops and priests may not marry
  - B. Orthodox bishops and priests may marry
  - C. Jewish rabbis are normally expected to marry
  - D. Buddhist monks are normally expected to be celibate
14. Up to how many wives may a Muslim man have at the same time?
- A. two
  - B. four
  - C. six
  - D. an unlimited number
15. According to John's gospel, Jesus worked his first miracle at a wedding feast in
- A. Jerusalem

- B. Nazareth
- C. Cana
- D. Capernaum

16. How many steps do a couple take together during a Hindu wedding ceremony?
- A. three
  - B. four
  - C. seven
  - D. ten
17. The term for a Jewish matchmaker is
- A. bashert
  - B. yihud
  - C. shadchan
  - D. agunot
18. The term “eunuch for the kingdom” pertains to
- A. Christianity
  - B. Judaism
  - C. Hinduism
  - D. Buddhism
19. The name of the Buddha’s son, Rahula, literally means
- A. chain
  - B. yoke
  - C. danger
  - D. temptation
20. How many blessings are in the Jewish sheva brachot?
- A. three
  - B. seven
  - C. twelve
  - D. forty
21. The action of shaving his hair is linked to which event in the Buddha’s life?
- A. birth
  - B. his decision to leave his home
  - C. his enlightenment
  - D. his first sermon
22. Which of the following categories traditionally had little involvement in wedding ceremonies?
- A. Jewish rabbi
  - B. Hindu priest
  - C. Islamic imam
  - D. Buddhist monk

23. Who said: "Marriage is half of a man's religious obligations"?

- A. Jesus
- B. Buddha
- C. Muhammad
- D. Moses

24. The Buddhist monk Shinran taught that

- A. marriage is an evil to be avoided
- B. the historical Buddha was never married
- C. monks should marry
- D. nuns should follow the same rule as monks

25. Mahr is the term for dowry in

- A. Judaism
- B. Islam
- C. Hinduism
- D. Buddhism