

# Appendix B: Formulae Used for Calculation of Hospital Performance Measures

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PERFORMANCE MEASURE	FORMULA
<b>ADJUSTMENTS</b>	
<b>Adjustment Factor</b>	Gross Patient Revenue / Gross Inpatient Acute Care Revenue
<b>Case Mix Adjustment</b>	Hospital Performance Measure / Medicare Case Mix Index
<b>Wage Index Adjustment</b>	$[(\text{Hospital Performance Measure} \times 0.71) / \text{CMS Wage Index}] + (\text{Hospital Performance Measure} \times 0.29)$
<b>CAPACITY AND UTILIZATION</b>	
<b>Beds in Service, Total Acute Care</b>	Beds in Service, General Service Units + Beds in Service, Intensive Care Units + Beds in Service, Coronary Care Units + Beds in Service, Other Special Care Units
<b>Total Discharges, Acute Care</b>	Total Discharges, Acute Care
<b>Adjusted Discharges</b>	Total Discharges, Acute Care $\times$ Adjustment Factor
<b>Average Daily Census, Acute Care</b>	Total Inpatient Days, Acute Care / 365
<b>Adjusted Average Daily Census</b>	$(\text{Total Inpatient Days, Acute Care} / 365) \times \text{Adjustment Factor}$
<b>Occupancy Rate, Acute Care</b>	$[(\text{Total Inpatient Days, Acute Care} / 365) / \text{Beds in Service, Total Acute Care}] \times 100$
<b>Average Length of Stay, Acute Care</b>	Total Inpatient Days, Acute Care / Total Discharges, Acute Care
<b>Average Length of Stay, Acute Care, Case Mix-Adjusted</b>	$(\text{Total Inpatient Days, Acute Care} / \text{Total Discharges, Acute Care}) / \text{Medicare Case Mix Index}$
<b>Average Length of Stay, Acute Care, Medicare</b>	Medicare Inpatient Days, Acute Care / Medicare Discharges, Acute Care
<b>Average Length of Stay, Acute Care, Non-Medicare</b>	$(\text{Total Inpatient Days, Acute Care} - \text{Medicare Inpatient Days, Acute Care}) / (\text{Total Discharges, Acute Care} - \text{Medicare Discharges, Acute Care})$

PERFORMANCE MEASURE	FORMULA
<b>PATIENT AND PAYER MIX</b>	
<b>Medicare Acute Care Discharges, as a Percentage of Total Acute Care Discharges</b>	$(\text{Medicare Discharges, Acute Care} / \text{Total Discharges, Acute Care}) \times 100$
<b>Medicaid Acute Care Discharges, as a Percentage of Total Acute Care Discharges</b>	$(\text{Medicaid Discharges, Acute Care} / \text{Total Discharges, Acute Care}) \times 100$
<b>Medicare Acute Care Days, as a Percentage of Total Acute Care Days</b>	$(\text{Medicare Inpatient Days, Acute Care} / \text{Total Inpatient Days, Acute Care}) \times 100$
<b>Medicaid Acute Care Days, as a Percentage of Total Acute Care Days</b>	$(\text{Medicaid Inpatient Days, Acute Care} / \text{Total Inpatient Days, Acute Care}) \times 100$
<b>Special Care Days, as a Percentage of Total Acute Care Days</b>	$[(\text{Inpatient Days, Intensive Care Units} + \text{Inpatient Days, Coronary Care Units} + \text{Inpatient Days, Other Special Care Units}) / \text{Total Inpatient Days, Acute Care}] \times 100$
<b>Outpatient Gross Revenue, as a Percentage of Gross Patient Revenue</b>	$(\text{Gross Outpatient Revenue} / \text{Gross Patient Revenue, Total}) \times 100$
<b>CAPITAL STRUCTURE</b>	
<b>Average Age of Plant</b>	$\text{Accumulated Depreciation} / \text{Current Depreciation Expense}$
<b>Net Property, Plant, and Equipment per Bed, Total Facility</b>	$(\text{Total Property, Plant, and Equipment} - \text{Accumulated Depreciation}) / \text{Beds in Service, Total Facility}$
<b>Debt per Bed, Total Facility</b>	$\text{Total Liabilities} / \text{Beds in Service, Total Facility}$
<b>Capital Costs, as a Percentage of Operating Expense</b>	$(\text{Capital Costs, Total} / \text{Operating Expense, Total}) \times 100$
<b>Capital Costs per Adjusted Discharge</b>	$\text{Capital Costs, Total} / \text{Adjusted Discharges}$
<b>Capital Acquisitions as a Percentage of Net Patient Revenue</b>	$(\text{Total Capital Acquisitions} / \text{Net Patient Revenue}) \times 100$
<b>Long-Term Debt to Total Assets</b>	$\text{Total Long-Term Liabilities} / \text{Total Assets}$
<b>Long-Term Debt to Net Fixed Assets</b>	$\text{Total Long-Term Liabilities} / (\text{Total Property, Plant, and Equipment} - \text{Accumulated Depreciation})$
<b>Long-Term Debt to Capitalization</b>	$\text{Total Long-Term Liabilities} / (\text{Total Long-Term Liabilities} + \text{Total Fund Balance})$
<b>Cash Flow to Total Debt</b>	$(\text{Net Income} + \text{Current Depreciation Expense} + \text{Interest Expense}) / \text{Total Liabilities}$
<b>Debt Service Coverage Ratio</b>	$(\text{Net Income} + \text{Current Depreciation Expense} + \text{Interest Expense}) / (\text{Current Portion of Long-Term Debt} + \text{Interest Expense})$

PERFORMANCE MEASURE	FORMULA																				
<b>LIQUIDITY</b>																					
<b>Current Ratio</b>	Total Current Assets / Total Current Liabilities																				
<b>Acid Test Ratio</b>	(Cash + Temporary Investments) / Total Current Liabilities																				
<b>Days in Net Accounts Receivable</b>	(Net Accounts Receivable × 365) / Net Patient Revenue																				
<b>Average Payment Period</b>	(Total Current Liabilities × 365) / (Operating Expense, Total – Current Depreciation Expense)																				
<b>Index of Predictive Creditworthiness</b>	Performance Measures Used in the Calculation of IPC Score																				
	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Beds in service, acute care</td> <td>Days in net accounts receivable</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Occupancy rate</td> <td>Average payment period</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Medicare case mix index</td> <td>Long-term debt to capitalization</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Percent Medicare days</td> <td>Percent capital-related operating expense</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Percent Medicaid days</td> <td>Average age of plant</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Operating profit margin</td> <td>Interns and residents per bed</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total profit margin</td> <td>Location in urban or rural area</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Debt service coverage ratio</td> <td>System-affiliated or freestanding</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cash flow to total debt</td> <td>Market structure and market share</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Current ratio</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	Beds in service, acute care	Days in net accounts receivable	Occupancy rate	Average payment period	Medicare case mix index	Long-term debt to capitalization	Percent Medicare days	Percent capital-related operating expense	Percent Medicaid days	Average age of plant	Operating profit margin	Interns and residents per bed	Total profit margin	Location in urban or rural area	Debt service coverage ratio	System-affiliated or freestanding	Cash flow to total debt	Market structure and market share	Current ratio	
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**REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND PROFITABILITY**

<b>Gross Patient Revenue per Adjusted Discharge</b>	Gross Patient Revenue, Total / Adjusted Discharges
<b>Gross Patient Revenue per Adjusted Discharge, Case Mix- and Wage-Adjusted</b>	{[(Gross Patient Revenue, Total × 0.71 / CMS Wage Index) + (Gross Patient Revenue, Total × 0.29)] / Adjusted Discharges} / Medicare Case Mix Index
<b>Operating Revenue per Adjusted Discharge</b>	(Net Patient Revenue + Other Operating Revenue) / Adjusted Discharges
<b>Operating Expense per Adjusted Discharge</b>	Operating Expense, Total / Adjusted Discharges
<b>Operating Expense per Adjusted Discharge, Case Mix- and Wage-Adjusted</b>	{[(Operating Expense, Total × 0.71 / CMS Wage Index) + (Operating Expense, Total × 0.29)] / Adjusted Discharges} / Medicare Case Mix Index
<b>Laboratory Cost per Adjusted Discharge, Case Mix-Adjusted</b>	(Laboratory, Total Cost / Adjusted Discharges) / Medicare Case Mix Index
<b>Radiology Cost per Adjusted Discharge, Case Mix-Adjusted</b>	(Radiology, Total Cost / Adjusted Discharges) / Medicare Case Mix Index
<b>Pharmacy Cost per Adjusted Discharge, Case Mix-Adjusted</b>	(Pharmacy, Total Cost / Adjusted Discharges) / Medicare Case Mix Index
<b>Administrative Cost per Adjusted Discharge</b>	(Administrative Expense, Total / Adjusted Discharges)
<b>Deductions from Gross Patient Revenue, as a Percentage of Gross Patient Revenue</b>	[(Gross Patient Revenue, Total – Net Patient Revenue) / Gross Patient Revenue, Total] × 100

PERFORMANCE MEASURE	FORMULA
<b>REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND PROFITABILITY (CONT'D)</b>	
<b>Operating Profit Margin</b>	$[(\text{Net Patient Revenue} + \text{Other Operating Revenue} - \text{Operating Expense, Total}) / (\text{Net Patient Revenue} + \text{Other Operating Revenue})] \times 100$
<b>Total Profit Margin</b>	$[(\text{Net Patient Revenue} + \text{Other Operating Revenue} - \text{Operating Expense, Total}) / (\text{Net Patient Revenue} + \text{Other Income, Total})] \times 100$
<b>Cash Flow Margin</b>	$[(\text{Net Income} + \text{Current Depreciation Expense} + \text{Interest Expense}) / (\text{Net Patient Revenue} + \text{Other Income, Total})] \times 100$
<b>Return on Assets</b>	$(\text{Net Income} / \text{Total Assets}) \times 100$
<b>Cash Flow per Bed, Total Facility</b>	$(\text{Net Income} + \text{Current Depreciation Expense} + \text{Interest Expense}) / \text{Beds in Service, Total Facility}$
<b>PRODUCTIVITY AND EFFICIENCY</b>	
<b>Full-Time Equivalent Personnel per Adjusted Average Daily Census</b>	$\text{Number of Full-Time Equivalent Personnel} / \text{Adjusted Average Daily Census}$
<b>Full-Time Equivalent Personnel per 100 Adjusted Discharges</b>	$(\text{Number of Full-Time Equivalent Personnel} / \text{Adjusted Discharges}) \times 100$
<b>Full-Time Equivalent Employees per 100 Adjusted Discharges, Case Mix-Adjusted</b>	$[(\text{Number of Full-Time Equivalent Personnel} / \text{Adjusted Discharges}) \times 100] / \text{Medicare Case Mix Index}$
<b>Salary and Benefits Expense per Full-Time Equivalent Personnel</b>	$(\text{Salary Expense, Total} + \text{Employee Benefits Expense}) / \text{Number of Full-Time Equivalent Personnel}$
<b>Salary and Benefits Expense, as a Percentage of Operating Expense</b>	$[(\text{Salary Expense, Total} + \text{Employee Benefits Expense}) / \text{Operating Expense, Total}] \times 100$
<b>Overhead Expense, as a Percentage of Operating Expense</b>	$(\text{Overhead Expense, Total} / \text{Operating Expense, Total}) \times 100$
<b>Beds per Resident—Teaching Hospitals Only</b>	$\text{Beds in Service, Acute Care} / \text{Full-Time Equivalent Interns and Residents}$
<b>Direct Medical Expense per Resident—Teaching Hospitals Only</b>	$\text{Direct Medical Intern and Resident Expense} / \text{Full-Time Equivalent Interns and Residents}$
<b>Discharges per Bed, Acute Care</b>	$\text{Total Discharges, Acute Care} / \text{Beds in Service, Total Acute Care}$
<b>Total Asset Turnover Ratio</b>	$\text{Net Patient Revenue} / \text{Total Assets}$

PERFORMANCE MEASURE	FORMULA
<b>PRICING STRATEGIES</b>	
<b>Markup Ratio, All Ancillary Services</b>	All Ancillary Services, Total Charges / All Ancillary Services, Total Fully Allocated Cost
<b>Markup Ratio, Medical Supplies Sold</b>	Medical Supplies Sold, Total Charges / Medical Supplies Sold, Total Fully Allocated Cost
<b>Markup Ratio, Drugs Sold</b>	Drugs Sold, Total Charges / Drugs Sold, Total Fully Allocated Cost
<b>Markup Ratio, Laboratory</b>	Laboratory, Total Charges / Laboratory, Total Fully Allocated Cost
<b>Markup Ratio, Diagnostic Radiology</b>	Diagnostic Radiology, Total Charges / Diagnostic Radiology, Total Fully Allocated Cost