List of Symbols

Alphabetization is on the basis of the name of the symbol, as shown in the second column. The list does not include arbitrary symbols (such as category A, B) or numerical subscripts or superscripts (e.g. NP_1).

For phonetic symbols, see p. xxv.

Term	Name	Gloss	Relevant entry
´	acute	indicates a particular consonant pronunciation	diacritic
´	acute	rising tone	nucleus (1)
´	acute	stressed foot	foot (1)
α	alpha	variable value	alpha notation
<	angle bracket, left	must precede	precedence
>>	angle bracket, right double	ranks higher than	ranking
↔	arrow, bidirectional	reversible relationship	biuniqueness
‿	arrow, curved	arc	arc
⇒	arrow, double level	(for transformations) becomes, rewrite as	rule
↘	arrow, falling	terminal juncture	juncture (1)
→	arrow, level	becomes, rewrite as	rewrite rule
→	arrow, level	sustained juncture	juncture (1)
↗	arrow, rising	rising juncture	juncture (1)
↗	arrow, rising	tonal spreading	spreading (3)
*	asterisk; Kleene star	zero or more matching instances	Kleene star
*	asterisk; star	unacceptable, ungrammatical	acceptability, asterisk (1)
*	asterisk; star	multiple instances	asterisk (2)
*	asterisk; star	reconstructed form	asterisk (4)
*	asterisk; star	segment with priority association	asterisk (5)
*	asterisk; star	boundary tone on stressed syllable	asterisk (5)

*	asterisk; star	constraint violation	asterisk (6)
–	bar	type of phrasal category	bar
[ ]	bracket notation	enclose elements to be horizontally matched	bracketing (c)
< >	brackets, angle	enclose graphemes	allo-
< >	brackets, angle	interdependency between optional features	bracketing (d)
{ }	brackets, curly; braces	enclose alternative elements	bracketing (b), conjunctive
{ }	brackets, curly; braces	enclose morphemes	morpheme
{ }	brackets, curly; braces	enclose morphophonemes	morphophoneme
( )	brackets, round; parentheses	enclose optional elements	bracketing (2a)
/ /	brackets, slash; slashes	enclose phonemes	bracketing (3)
[ ]	brackets, square	enclose distinctive features	bracketing (3)
[ ]	brackets, square	enclose phonetic segments	bracketing (3)
[ ]	brackets, square	enclose structural units in a string	bracketing (1)
[ ]	brackets, square	enclose syntactic features	bracketing (4)
[ ]	brackets, square	enclose semantic features	bracketing (4)
˘	breve	unstressed foot	foot (1)
O	circle [round a segment]	not associated	association line
ₒ	circle, subscript	devoicing, voicelessness	voice
^	circumflex	rising-falling	nucleus (1)
ː	colon	long consonant	length
x	cross	grid placeholder	metrical grid
×	cross	deletion	association line
×	cross	unspecified segment	skeletal tier
—	dash	location of element in a string	context (1)
Δ	delta	empty element	delta
=	double bar	type of phrasal category	bar
=	double line	deletion	association line
!	exclamation mark	non-optimal candidate	tableau
`	grave	indicates a particular consonant pronunciation	diacritic
`	grave	falling tone	nucleus (1)
ˇ	hacek	indicates a particular consonant pronunciation	diacritic
ˇ	hacek	falling-rising tone	nucleus (1)
☞	hand	optimal candidate	tableau
#	hash; double cross	string boundary	boundary-symbol
#	hash; double cross	terminal juncture	juncture (1)
λ	lambda	wavelength	lambda (2)
λ	lambda	type of logical operator	lambda (1)

Term	Name	Gloss	Relevant entry
ˆ	ligature, high	is concatenated with	concatenation
˘	ligature, low	coarticulation	coarticulation
___	line	existing association	association line
------	line, broken	structural change	association line
–	macron	level tone	nucleus (1)
–	macron	bar	binding
–	minus	negative binary feature	binary feature
μ	mu	moraic level	mora
%	percentage	tone associates with edge syllable of a phrase	percentage symbol (1)
%	percentage	variation in acceptability	percentage symbol (2)
+	plus	element boundary	boundary-symbol
+	plus	positive binary feature	binary feature
+	plus	plus juncture	juncture (1)
′	prime	single-bar category	bar
″	prime, double	double-bar category	bar
?	question-mark	marginally acceptable, marginally grammatical	acceptability
Σ	sigma, capital	superfoot	superfoot
Σ	sigma, capital	sentence	initial symbol
σ	sigma, small	foot, syllable	head
/	slash, forward	in the context of	context (1)
/	slash, forward	single-bar juncture	juncture (1)
//	slash, forward double	double-bar juncture	juncture (1)
~	tilde	contrasts in one dialect	dia-
~	tilde	links alternants	alternation
~	tilde [above symbol]	nasalization	nasal
~	tilde [through symbol]	pharyngealization	pharyngeal
≈	tilde, double	contrasts in more than one dialect	dia-
Ø	zero	zero morph	morpheme